

Declaration of Cotonou GHG and Air Quality Monitoring

16th EUMETSAT User Forum in Africa HIGHLIGHTS – 11 October 2024

Caroline Tagwireyi, AUC



Structure of the Session

Focus on the use of EO data to monitor atmospheric composition and CO₂ emissions.

3 presentations on Air Quality and GHG monitoring

Title	Institution
AU policies for Climate and Air Quality	AUC
EO mission in support to Atmospheric Composition and GHG monitoring	EUMETSAT
Copernicus Atmospheric Monitoring Services CAMS	ECMWF

High Level event on Satellite data for Greenhous gases and Air Quality monitoring in Africa

-> Signature of the Cotonou Declaration





Aspects of the Africa Clean Air Program

Goal setting in line with the Agenda 2063 and specific AU strategic frameworks like the CCRDS&AP and International frameworks like SDGs, UNFCCC, Paris Agreement



Framework for comprehensive, continuous and routine air quality assessments

Pillar 1: Strengthened Air Quality Data Management System at the national and regional levels

Pillar 2: Research, development and capacity strengthening

Pillar 3: Development and strengthening of air quality policy and legal frameworks in Africa

Pillar 4: Promoting and enhancing Information, Education, and Communication to increase public awareness on air quality and health in Africa

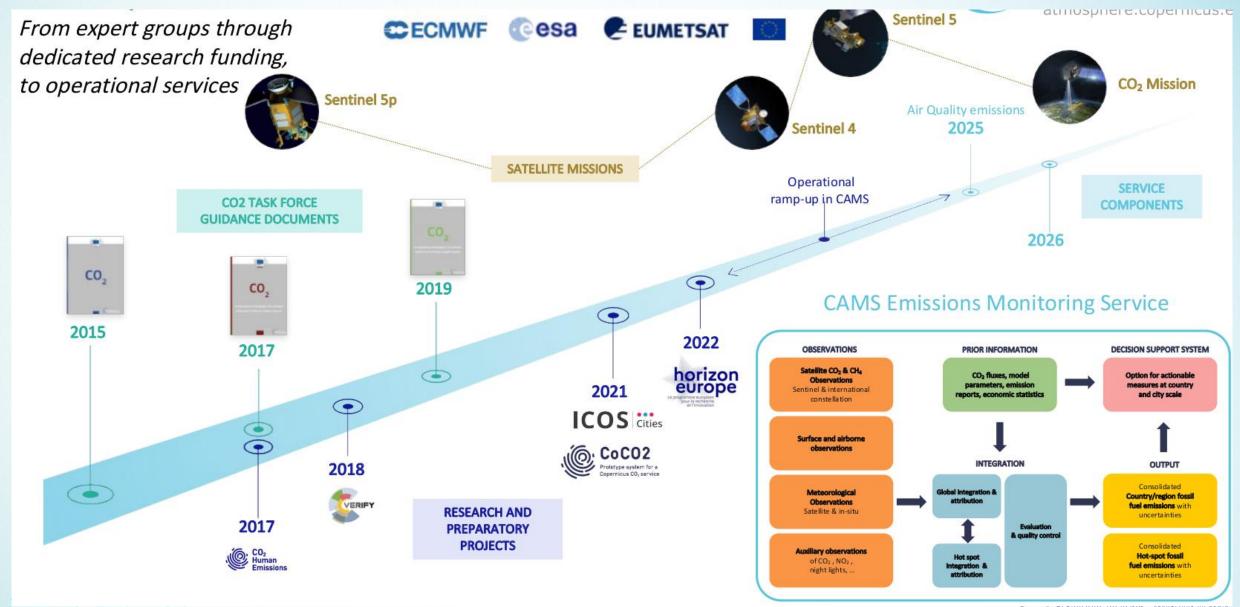
Pillar 5: Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning Framework for ACAP



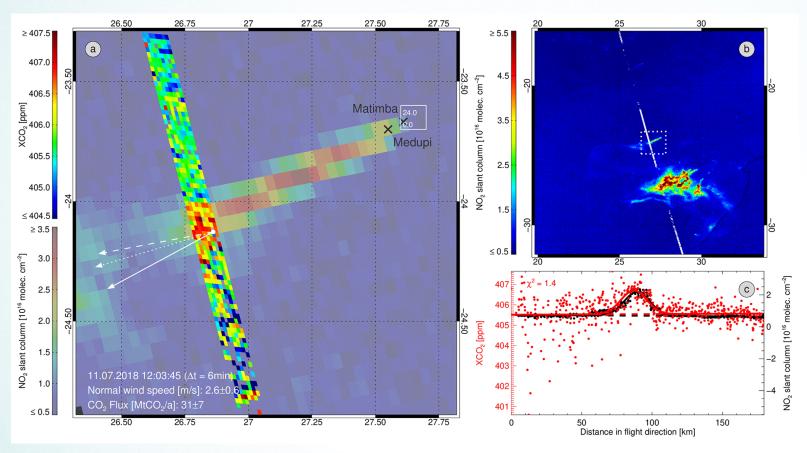
Intended Outcome: Effective and efficient AQM program promoted and sustained across the Continent.



Existing and upcoming satellites



Example: CO2 monitoring from single point emissions



Experimental study on Matimba Power Station

Nitrogen Dioxide from TROPOMI data
© Copernicus program & CO2 from OCO2

Credit - Hakkarainen et al. 2020

Cotonou Declaration on the use Satellite Data for the Monitoring

of Greenhouse Gases and Air Quality in Africa

Upcoming generation of satellites to support the monitoring of atmospheric composition (e.g MTG-S, EPS-SG, CO2M)

- Strengthening African capacities in the use of these EO technologies,
- Encourage establishing a network of ground-based stations across Africa to support satellite data access, calibration and validation,
- Engage with International partners (e.g European Union) to support these activities,
- Technical partners (e.g EUMETSAT and ECMWF),
- Establish a roadmap for implementation



